

117TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# S. 3220

To amend the Animal Welfare Act to restrict the use of exotic and wild animals in traveling performances.

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IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 17, 2021

Mr. MENENDEZ introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry

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## A BILL

To amend the Animal Welfare Act to restrict the use of exotic and wild animals in traveling performances.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Traveling Exotic Ani-  
5 mal and Public Safety Protection Act of 2021”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds that—

8 (1) conditions inherent to traveling perform-  
9 ances, including constant travel, temporary and col-  
10 lapsible facilities, and the prolonged confinement

1 and physical coercion of animals, subject exotic and  
2 wild animals to compromised welfare and chronic  
3 stress, and present public and worker health and  
4 safety risks not adequately addressed by current reg-  
5 ulations;

6 (2) current regulatory oversight of traveling  
7 performances is complex and costly, and those costs  
8 are not typically recouped via licensing fees but are  
9 left to the taxpayer;

10 (3) the frequent mobility of traveling perform-  
11 ances complicates oversight such that agencies and  
12 authorities cannot properly monitor, evaluate, or fol-  
13 low through regarding the condition of animals or  
14 facilities, or their history of potential injuries, inci-  
15 dents, illnesses, violations, or other issues, and so  
16 cannot properly protect animals, workers, or the  
17 public;

18 (4) traveling exotic and wild animal perform-  
19 ances use collapsible, temporary, mobile facilities,  
20 which risk escape and serious harm to animals,  
21 workers, and the public;

22 (5) traveling exotic and wild animal perform-  
23 ances present safety risks by permitting or not pre-  
24 venting public contact and by displaying animals in

1 inappropriate, uncontrolled areas in dangerous prox-  
2 imity to humans and other animals;

3 (6) exotic and wild animals have intrinsic value;

4 (7) the wild instincts and needs of exotic and  
5 wild animals are unpredictable and not naturally  
6 suited to traveling performances, and exotic and wild  
7 animals thus suffer as a result of being unable to  
8 fulfill instinctive natural behaviors;

9 (8) exotic and wild animals used in traveling  
10 performances suffer severe and extended confine-  
11 ment, and, deprived of natural movements and be-  
12 haviors, are prone to chronic stress and behavioral,  
13 health, and psychological problems;

14 (9) exotic and wild animals are forced to per-  
15 form unnatural tricks requiring extreme physical co-  
16 ercion, including the use of food and water restric-  
17 tions, electric shock devices, bullhooks, metal bars,  
18 whips, shovels, pitchforks, and other abuses;

19 (10) it is not necessary to use exotic or wild  
20 animals in traveling performances to experience the  
21 circus or similar events;

22 (11) using exotic or wild animals as commod-  
23 ities traded for traveling performances adds nothing  
24 to the understanding and conservation of those ani-  
25 mals and the natural environment, and actually un-

1 dermines conservation efforts necessary to protect  
2 threatened and endangered species;

3 (12) it is not possible to provide or ensure pub-  
4 lic and worker safety or appropriate physical and  
5 mental welfare of exotic and wild animals under the  
6 traveling performance business model, which inher-  
7 ently and significantly restricts the natural move-  
8 ments and behaviors of animals, and in which abuse  
9 is prevalent and oversight problematic;

10 (13) the use of exotic or wild animals in trav-  
11 eling performances is or substantially affects inter-  
12 state or foreign commerce and the free flow of inter-  
13 state or foreign commerce;

14 (14) it is essential to regulate the use of exotic  
15 or wild animals in traveling performances to ensure  
16 the humane care and treatment of animals; and

17 (15) restricting the use of exotic and wild ani-  
18 mals in traveling performances is the most cost-ef-  
19 fective and efficient way to safeguard animals, work-  
20 ers, and the public.

21 **SEC. 3. USE OF EXOTIC OR WILD ANIMALS IN TRAVELING**  
22 **PERFORMANCES PROHIBITED.**

23 Section 13 of the Animal Welfare Act (7 U.S.C.  
24 2143) is amended—

1           (1) by redesignating subsections (g) and (h) as  
2 subsections (h) and (i), respectively;

3           (2) by redesignating the second subsection (f)  
4 (relating to delivery of animals by a dealer, research  
5 facility, exhibitor, or government) as subsection (g);  
6 and

7           (3) by adding at the end the following:

8           “(j) PROHIBITION OF EXOTIC AND WILD ANIMALS  
9 IN TRAVELING PERFORMANCES.—

10           “(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

11           “(A) CAUSE A PERFORMANCE.—The term  
12 ‘cause a performance’ means—

13           “(i) to be responsible for a perform-  
14 ance;

15           “(ii) to financially benefit as an owner  
16 or operator from a performance; or

17           “(iii) to sponsor a performance.

18           “(B) DOMESTIC ANIMAL.—The term ‘do-  
19 mestic animal’ means any animal that is nor-  
20 mally maintained as a companion or pet animal  
21 in or near the household of the owner or person  
22 who cares for the animal, such as a domestic  
23 dog (including a service dog), domestic cat, fer-  
24 ret, gerbil, horse, mouse, rat, guinea pig, rabbit,  
25 or hamster.

1           “(C) ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION PRO-  
 2           GRAM.—The term ‘environmental education  
 3           program’ means a program, which may be an  
 4           animal exhibition, that—

5                   “(i) is professionally designed to im-  
 6                   part knowledge or information for edu-  
 7                   cational or conservation purposes about the  
 8                   natural behavior, habitat, and life cycle of  
 9                   an animal, or similar pedagogical informa-  
 10                  tion, by an individual qualified to impart  
 11                  that information; and

12                   “(ii) does not include any performance  
 13                  of behavior of an animal that does not nat-  
 14                  urally occur for that animal in the wild.

15           “(D) EXOTIC OR WILD ANIMAL.—

16                   “(i) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘exotic  
 17                  or wild animal’ means—

18                           “(I) any animal that is or has  
 19                           historically been found in the wild or  
 20                           in the wild state, regardless of wheth-  
 21                           er the animal was bred or born in the  
 22                           wild or in captivity; and

23                           “(II) any hybrid of an animal de-  
 24                           scribed in subclause (I), including a

1 hybrid cross with a domestic animal  
2 or farm animal.

3 “(ii) INCLUSIONS.—The term ‘exotic  
4 or wild animal’ includes—

5 “(I) canidae (except domestic  
6 dogs);

7 “(II) cetartiodactyla (except al-  
8 pacas, bison, cattle, deer, elk, goats,  
9 llamas, reindeer, swine, and sheep);

10 “(III) crocodilia;

11 “(IV) edentata;

12 “(V) elasmobranchii;

13 “(VI) felidae (except domestic  
14 cats);

15 “(VII) hyaenidae;

16 “(VIII) marsupialia;

17 “(IX) mustelidae;

18 “(X) nonhuman primates;

19 “(XI) perissodactyla (except  
20 horses, donkeys, and mules);

21 “(XII) pinnipedia;

22 “(XIII) proboscidea;

23 “(XIV) procyonidae;

24 “(XV) ratites;

25 “(XVI) spheniscidae;

1 “(XVII) testudinidae;

2 “(XVIII) ursidae;

3 “(XIX) varanidae; and

4 “(XX) viverridae.

5 “(iii) EXCLUSION.—The term ‘exotic  
6 or wild animal’ does not include any ani-  
7 mal that is a domestic animal or farm ani-  
8 mal.

9 “(E) FARM ANIMAL.—The term ‘farm ani-  
10 mal’ means an alpaca, cow, sheep, swine, goat,  
11 llama, poultry, rabbit, horse, mule, or donkey.

12 “(F) MOBILE OR TRAVELING HOUSING FA-  
13 CILITY.—The term ‘mobile or traveling housing  
14 facility’ means a transporting vehicle, such as a  
15 truck, car, trailer, airplane, ship, or railway car,  
16 used to transport or house an animal while  
17 traveling to, from, or between locations for per-  
18 formance purposes.

19 “(G) PERFORMANCE.—The term ‘perform-  
20 ance’ means any animal act, circus, ride, car-  
21 nival, display, exhibition, fair, parade, petting  
22 zoo, race, performance, or similar undertaking  
23 in which an animal is required to perform  
24 tricks, give rides, or participate as an accom-



1 paniment for the entertainment, amusement, or  
2 benefit of an audience.

3 “(H) TRAVELING ANIMAL ACT.—The term  
4 ‘traveling animal act’ means any performance  
5 of an animal for which the animal is trans-  
6 ported in a mobile or traveling housing facility  
7 to, from, or between locations for the purpose  
8 of a performance.

9 “(I) WILDLIFE SANCTUARY.—The term  
10 ‘wildlife sanctuary’ means an organization  
11 that—

12 “(i) is described in sections  
13 170(b)(1)(A)(vi) and 501(c)(3) of the In-  
14 ternal Revenue Code of 1986;

15 “(ii) is a place of refuge that provides  
16 care for abused, neglected, unwanted, im-  
17 pounded, abandoned, orphaned, or dis-  
18 placed exotic or wild animals for the life-  
19 time of the exotic or wild animals; and

20 “(iii) does not—

21 “(I) engage in commercial trade  
22 in any exotic or wild animal, includ-  
23 ing—

1                   “(aa) the sale of any animal,  
2                   animal part, or derivative off-  
3                   spring;

4                   “(bb) photographic opportu-  
5                   nities; and

6                   “(cc) public events for finan-  
7                   cial profit or an entertainment  
8                   purpose;

9                   “(II) breed any exotic or wild  
10                  animal;

11                  “(III) permit unescorted public  
12                  visitation;

13                  “(IV) permit direct contact be-  
14                  tween the public and any exotic or  
15                  wild animal; or

16                  “(V) remove any exotic or wild  
17                  animal from a sanctuary or enclosure  
18                  for exhibition or performance.

19                  “(2) PROHIBITED USE OF EXOTIC AND WILD  
20                  ANIMALS.—Subject to paragraph (3), no person  
21                  shall cause a performance of, or allow for the par-  
22                  ticipation of, an exotic or wild animal in a traveling  
23                  animal act.

24                  “(3) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (2) shall not  
25                  apply to—

1 “(A) the use of an exotic or wild animal—

2 “(i) in an exhibition at a nonmobile,  
3 permanent institution, zoo, or aquarium  
4 accredited by the Association of Zoos and  
5 Aquariums, the World Association of Zoos  
6 and Aquariums, the Global Federation of  
7 Animal Sanctuaries, or the Alliance of Ma-  
8 rine Mammal Parks and Aquariums;

9 “(ii) as part of an environmental edu-  
10 cation program by a facility accredited by  
11 the Association of Zoos and Aquariums or  
12 the Alliance of Marine Mammal Parks and  
13 Aquariums, if the animal used as part of  
14 the program is not—

15 “(I) used for more than 180 total  
16 days during a year; and

17 “(II) kept in a mobile or trav-  
18 eling housing facility for more than  
19 12 total hours during a day;

20 “(iii) by an institution of higher edu-  
21 cation, laboratory, or other research facil-  
22 ity registered under section 6 for the pur-  
23 pose of conducting research;

24 “(iv) in film, television, or advertising,  
25 if the use does not involve a live animal ex-

1                   hibition conducted before a public studio  
2                   audience; or

3                   “(v) in a rodeo;

4                   “(B) the use of an indigenous wild animal  
5                   by a wildlife rehabilitator in an environmental  
6                   education program—

7                   “(i) that is permitted by the relevant  
8                   jurisdiction;

9                   “(ii) that is accredited or certified by  
10                  the National Wildlife Rehabilitators Asso-  
11                  ciation or the International Wildlife Reha-  
12                  bilitation Council; and

13                  “(iii) if the exotic or wild animal is  
14                  kept in a mobile or traveling housing facil-  
15                  ity for not more than 12 total hours during  
16                  a day;

17                  “(C) a federally permitted falconer; or

18                  “(D) a wildlife sanctuary.

19                  “(4) PENALTY.—Any person that fails to com-  
20                  ply with this subsection shall be subject to the en-  
21                  forcement and penalties described in sections 16, 19,  
22                  and 29.

23                  “(5) RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER LAW.—

24                  “(A) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this sub-  
25                  section—

1           “(i) authorizes the interstate trans-  
2           port of any species listed as threatened or  
3           endangered under the Endangered Species  
4           Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.); or

5           “(ii) waives any requirement to com-  
6           ply with any regulation issued under this  
7           Act.

8           “(B) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—The  
9           standards and requirements of this sub-  
10          section—

11          “(i) are in addition to, and not in lieu  
12          of, any other laws protecting animal wel-  
13          fare; and

14          “(ii) do not limit any other Federal,  
15          State, or local law or rule that more strin-  
16          gently protects the welfare of animals.

17          “(C) PREEMPTION.—No State or political  
18          subdivision of a State may establish or continue  
19          to enforce any standards, requirements, or reg-  
20          ulations with respect to causing a performance  
21          of, or allowing for the participation of, an exotic  
22          or wild animal in a traveling animal act that  
23          are inconsistent with or less stringent than the  
24          standards and requirements under this sub-  
25          section.”.

1 **SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

2       The amendments made by this Act shall take effect  
3 on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment  
4 of this Act.

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